

Chapter 5: Rural Development in India

EXERCISE 1 [PAGE 34]

Exercise 1 | Q 1 | Page 34

QUESTION

Complete the following statement:

Rural credit system assumes importance because _____

- It leads to an increase in the rural income
- Savings are inadequate to finance farming and other economic activities
- It leads to the overall development of the rural areas
- It leads to a reduction in rural inequality

SOLUTION

Rural credit system assumes importance because **savings are inadequate to finance farming and other economic activities.**

Exercise 1 | Q 2 | Page 34

QUESTION

Complete the following statement:

Productive loans are economically justified because _____

- They are related to agricultural production.
- They are used for personal consumption.
- They help in eradication of poverty
- They improve the quality of life of the people

SOLUTION

Productive loans are economically justified because **they are related to agricultural production.**

Exercise 1 | Q 3 | Page 34

QUESTION

Complete the following statement:

Small farmers are unable to access rural credit provided by banks due to _____.



- presence of money lenders
- no branches in rural areas
- high transaction costs
- preference is given to large farmers

SOLUTION

Small farmers are unable to access rural credit provided by banks due to **high transaction costs.**

Exercise 1 | Q 4 | Page 34

QUESTION

Complete the following statement:

The rights of socially disadvantaged groups can be safeguarded through _____.

- empowerment of women
- proper enforcement of law and order
- infrastructural development
- improvement in Quality of Life

SOLUTION

The rights of socially disadvantaged groups can be safeguarded through **proper enforcement of law and order.**

Exercise 1 | Q 5 | Page 34

QUESTION

Complete the following statement:

The quality of life of rural people can be improved by _____.

- providing safe drinking water, health and hygiene facilities
- effective implementation of land reform
- providing subsidized credit facilities
- reducing rural inequality.

SOLUTION

The quality of life of rural people can be improved by **providing safe drinking water, health and hygiene facilities.**

EXERCISE 2 [PAGE 34]

Exercise 2 | Q 1 | Page 34

Choose the wrong pair :

Column A	Column B
Agricultural Credit	Requirement
Short-term	Purchase of fertilizers
Medium-term	to meet expenditure on marriages
Long-term	to buy tractor

SOLUTION

Column A	Column B
Agricultural Credit	Requirement
Medium-term	to meet expenditure on marriages

Exercise 2 | Q 2 | Page 34

QUESTION

Choose the wrong pair :

column A	column B
Rural occupational structure	Activity
Agricultural sector	Banking and Insurance
Industrial sector	Processing of raw material
Service sector	Computer-related service

SOLUTION

column A	column B
Rural occupational structure	Activity
Agricultural sector	Banking and Insurance

EXERCISE 3 [PAGE 35]

Exercise 3 | Q 1 | Page 35

QUESTION

Assertion and Reasoning – choose the correct answer from the following :

Assertion (A): Indian economy is pre-dominantly rural economy



Reasoning (R): As per 2011 census, the country's rural population is almost 83.25 crore (68.8% of the total population)

- (A) is true but (R) is False
- (A) is false but (R) is True
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of A
- Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

SOLUTION

Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of A

Exercise 3 | Q 2 | Page 35

QUESTION

Assertion and Reasoning – choose the correct answer from the following :

Assertion (A): Literacy is a powerful instrument of socio-economic change.

Reasoning (R): Empowerment of women helps to reduce gender disparity.

- (A) is true, but (R) is False
- (A) is false, but (R) is True
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

SOLUTION

Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A)

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QUESTION

Assertion and Reasoning – choose the correct answer from the following :

Assertion (A): Agricultural credit is mostly for unproductive purposes.

Reasoning (R): Agricultural credit is an important pre-requisite for agricultural growth.

- (A) is true, but (R) is false
- (A) is false, but (R) is True
- Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is the correct explanation of (A)
- Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)



SOLUTION

Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)

Exercise 3 | Q 4 | Page 35

QUESTION

Assertion and Reasoning – choose the correct answer from the following :

Assertion (A): Non-institutional finance forms an important part of rural credit.

Reasoning (R): Small farmers are unable to access bank credit because of borrowers' unfriendly products.

- (A) is true, but (R) is False
- (A) is false, but (R) is True
- Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of A
- Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of A

SOLUTION

Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of A.

EXERCISE 4 [PAGE 35]

Exercise 4 | Q 1 | Page 35

QUESTION

Identify and explain the concept from the given illustration:

Kusumtai knowingly set up her business enterprise in the rural area so that people living there could be gainfully employed.

SOLUTION

A. **Identified concept:** Rural industrialization.

B. **Explanation of concept:** Rural industrialization is a strategic process of establishing industries in rural areas to generate employment opportunities in rural areas Which in turn, leads to economic growth and development of the country.

Exercise 4 | Q 2 | Page 35

QUESTION

Identify and explain the concept from the given illustration:

Raoji purchased a new tractor for his farm by taking a loan.



SOLUTION

A. **Identified concept:** Productive agricultural credit.

B. **Explanation of concept:** The agricultural credit that is used for agricultural productive activities is called productive agricultural credit.

Exercise 4 | Q 3 | Page 35

QUESTION

Identify and explain the concept from the given illustration:

Subsidized credit is provided by banks to small farmers for the purchase of high yielding variety (HYV) seeds.

SOLUTION

A. **Identified concept:** Short-term credit.

B. **Explanation of concept:** Short-term credit refers to loans not exceeding two years. It is provided by banks to cultivators for purchase high yielding variety (HYV) seeds, fertilizers, etc.

Exercise 4 | Q 4 | Page 35

QUESTION

Identify and explain the concept from the given illustration:

Damaji borrows loan from a credit society established in the village this season rather than taking it from a moneylender.

SOLUTION

A. **Identified concept:** Institutional source of agricultural credit.

B. **Explanation of concept:** A source of agricultural credit that is owned, managed, or regulated by government is called an institutional source of agricultural credit. For example, Primary agricultural credit society.

Exercise 4 | Q 5 | Page 35

QUESTION

Identify and explain the concept from the given illustration:

Ramraoji takes a loan from the bank for a period of ten years subject to terms and conditions for the purpose of irrigated farming.

SOLUTION



EXERCISE 5 [PAGE 35]

Exercise 5 | Q 1 | Page 35

QUESTION

Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions given below :

Rural development is one of the thrust areas of administration. As Mahatma Gandhi rightly said, "India lives in villages and the development of the nation cannot be achieved without the development of the villages". The need of the hour is the convergence of all development interventions, at the grassroots level which can be possible through effective governance at the village level. The movement towards the decentralization of the National and State governments through the Panchayati Raj system needs to be strengthened through lessons learned from the successful stories of 'Model villages' around India. Though India is progressing in the right direction in reducing education inequalities and increasing literacy levels, there is still a lot that needs to be done. An understanding of social issues is important for effective planning and policy development. Self-governance ensures that Indian citizens, even the previously marginalized, can participate in decision-making.

- 1) Explain in short Mahatma Gandhi's views on rural development.
- 2) Highlight the role of the government in achieving rural development.
- 3) What measures have been suggested to achieve rural development?
- 4) Express your idea of a 'Model Village'.

SOLUTION

- (1) According to Mahatma Gandhi, India lives in villages. He is of the opinion that rural development is extremely essential as the development of a nation cannot be achieved without rural development.
- (2) To achieve rural development, the government must follow a policy of decentralization of power and the Panchayati Raj system needs to be strengthened.
- (3) Decentralization of National and State Governments through the Panchayati Raj, strengthening self-governance are the measures that have been suggested to achieve rural development.
- (4) According to me, a 'Model Village' is a village where all people are well educated, all are employed, all are living a quality life.

